

Post-Vaccination Care for Students

Vaccination Information for Parents from _____ School,
_____ County (City)

Dear Parents/Guardians:

Your son/daughter _____, Grade: _____ Class: _____
No.: _____,

Have received influenza vaccine on: ____/____/____ (date)

Have not received Influenza vaccine

(The

reasons: _____);

please go to _____ Health Center with this notes
before: ____/____/____ (date) to get vaccinated)

Doctor (signature): _____

Post-Vaccination Care Information

1. Influenza vaccine is an inactivated vaccine containing killed virus. Possible side effects of the vaccine include localized pain, redness and swelling at injection site, and few people may have fever, headache, or nausea. These side effects will only last for 1 to 2 days after the vaccination. Serious side effects are very rare.
2. Your child may have a fever within 48 hours after the vaccination. Tell the doctor he/she has been vaccinated as reference for diagnosis. If fever persists for more than 48 hours after vaccination, you should seek medical care and consider other differential diagnosis.
3. If your child experiences persistent fever or severe allergic reactions where he/she might feel difficulty in breathing, asthma, dizziness, fast heart beat, and other symptoms after the vaccination, you should take him/her to see a doctor right away and report the reaction to the class teacher, or call the consultation hotline below.
4. Fainting is usually triggered by pain or anxiety. Sometimes people faint after vaccination, especially adolescents. Scientific evidence shows that fainting is due to the vaccination process and not to the vaccines themselves. Fainting itself is generally not serious, but harm from related falls or other accidents can cause injury. If fainting or dizziness persists after vaccination, seek medical help immediately.
5. The vaccine only protects your child against influenza infection. Your child can still suffer from other respiratory tract infections or common cold. Please help him/her keep good personal hygiene and take other preventive measures to protect his/her health.
6. If your child is using antiplatelet or anticoagulant medications or suffering from dysfunction of blood coagulation, he/she should compress the injection site at least 2 minutes after vaccination, and checking if there is hemorrhage or hematoma.

7. In school-based influenza immunization programs, every student gets one dose of vaccine in school. If your child is less than 8 year-old and previously unvaccinated with any seasonal flu vaccine, an additional dose could be administrated at least 4 weeks later.

_____Public Health Bureau

_____ School Consultation Hotline: _____

_____ Public Health Bureau Consultation Hotline: _____

The Communicable Disease Reporting and Care Hotline, 1922

Taiwan Centers for Disease Control (CDC) Cares for You <https://www.cdc.gov.tw/>