



每週疫情監測速訊

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In Taiwan, a total of 822 notifiable infectious disease cases were reported last week, and among those 415 were acute and 407 were chronic; 7 cases died. As for the clustering on disease outbreaks, 5 outbreak events were reported (2 were Amebiasis and 3 were Diarrhea).

Last week, 40 more confirmed cases of indigenous dengue fever broke out, a total of 805 indigenous dengue cases were confirmed, and 19.3% were geographically linked to Siaokang District and 33.5% in Cianjhen District, Kaohsiung City. As to the mosquito disease vector indices, those of Kaohsiung City and Pingtung County are higher than others and all exceed the critical threshold.

International epidemic: Salmonella serotype Typhimurium and Mumps, Mumps and Scarlet fever, Malaria broke out last week in USA, UK and India. Dengue Fever broke out in Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, Bolivia, Colombia, Venezuela, Argentina, Brazil, Paraguay, Republic of Dominican and Southeast Asia countries. Taiwan CDC reminds all travelers to these areas to take adequate precaution and preventive measures.

In conclusion, according to Taiwan CDC surveillance data there were easing trend of the novel influenza A (H1N1) infections and indigenous dengue fever last week. However, the epidemic of novel influenza A (H1N1) infections is unpredictable; health authorities should still take close attention on the epidemic situation. The domestic epidemic alert index of this week is, therefore, kept at red warning light signal.