



每週疫情監測速訊

Disease Surveillance Express

行政院衛生署疾病管制局
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The weekly total of suspected cases of notifiable infectious diseases reported in Taiwan last week reached 771, of which 417 cases were acute and 354 chronic. On top of that, 12 such cases died and 6 incidents of clustering infection took place involving 37 individuals. These 6 clusters consisted of 1 incident each of pertussis and Japanese encephalitis, and 2 incidents each of influenza-like infection (ILI) and diarrhea. Among them all pathogenic causes have been identified and confirmed except the one(s) for the diarrhea.

Though the rate of domestic ILI endemic situation has not yet reached the preset alarming level by now, it has been on the rise for the last 3 consecutive weeks, and that is why we will watch it very closely. Over the past 3 weeks, the influenza virus positive rate among ILI was 7%, and out of which H1N1 showed a high proportional rate of 75%. The enterovirus infection situation appeared to be lingering in the later stage of an epidemic, and surely we will continue our monitoring for a while. As to the Dengue fever situation, the current individual cases are very uneventful as comparing to those exact a year back. However, our mosquito vector surveillance record showed that the “Breteau index,” “house index,” “adult mosquito index,” as well as “average number of water-filled containers in every 100 households” of the 30th week were all higher than those of one week earlier and those found in the 30th week of last year. In addition, the 3 said disease vector indices exceeded the critical threshold in Kaohsiung County and Pingtung County, whereas the adult mosquito index found in Kaohsiung City was over the alarming level. Close monitoring will be continued.

According to all surveillance records and statistic data now available, the epidemic alert index of this week remains at yellow warning light signal.