



Disease Surveillance Express

Weekly Data of Notifiable Infectious Diseases (by week of diagnosis)

Classification	Disease Diagnosed ¹	Week 30		Week 1—30	
		2014	2013	2014	2013
Category I	Plague	0	0	0	0
	Rabies	0	0	0	1
	SARS	0	0	0	0
	Smallpox	0	0	0	0
Category II	Acute Flaccid Paralysis	2	0	24	17
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type A	2	2	69	91
	Amoebiasis	4	10	140	147
	Anthrax	0	0	0	0
	Chikungunya Fever	0	0	6	10
	Cholera	0	0	3	2
	Dengue Fever	92	10	427	224
	Dengue Hemorrhagic Fever/Dengue Shock Syndrome	1	0	4	4
	Diphtheria	0	0	0	0
	Enterohemorrhagic E. coli Infection	0	0	0	0
	Epidemic Typhus Fever	0	0	0	0
	Hantavirus Pulmonary Syndrome	0	0	0	0
	Hemorrhagic Fever with Renal Syndrome	0	0	1	0
	Malaria	0	0	9	8
	Measles	0	0	17	4
	Meningococcal Meningitis	0	0	3	2
	Paratyphoid Fever	0	0	6	6
	Poliomyelitis	0	0	0	0
	Rubella	0	0	5	4
	Shigellosis	2	3	88	92
Typhoid fever	0	1	14	13	
West Nile Fever	0	0	0	0	
Category III	Acute Viral Hepatitis type B	2	1	63	56
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type C ⁵	0	0	171	5
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type D	0	0	0	0
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type E	0	1	8	4
	Acute Viral Hepatitis untype	0	0	2	2
	Congenital Rubella Syndrome	0	0	0	0
	Enteroviruses Infection with Severe Complications	0	0	6	6
	Haemophilus Influenza type b Infection	0	0	2	7
	Japanese Encephalitis	1	2	12	15
	Legionellosis	2	1	71	61
	Mumps ²	17	24	513	635
	Neonatal Tetanus	0	0	0	0
	Pertussis	1	2	28	41
	Tetanus ²	1	1	3	18
	Category IV	Botulism	0	0	0
Brucellosis		0	0	0	0
Complicated Influenza		0	0	0	0
Complicated Varicella ⁴		1	0	36	0
Endemic Typhus Fever		0	2	12	15
Herpesvirus B Infection		0	0	0	0
Invasive Pneumococcal Disease		4	6	388	428
Leptospirosis		2	3	29	37
Lyme Disease		0	0	0	0
Melioidosis		0	0	11	8
Q Fever		2	2	32	30
Scrub Typhus		21	20	207	216
Toxoplasmosis		1	0	8	8
Tularremia		0	0	0	0
Category V	Ebola Hemorrhagic Fever	0	0	0	0
	Ebola-Marburg Hemorrhagic Fever	0	0	0	0
	Novel Influenza A Virus Infections	0	0	0	0
	Lassa Fever	0	0	0	0
	Rift Valley Fever	0	0	0	0
	Middle East Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus	0	0	0	0
Yellow Fever	0	0	0	0	

1. The following 8 chronic diseases are excluded from the table: MDR-TB, Tuberculosis, Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, HIV Infection, AIDS, Hansen Disease and Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease.

2. Reported cases.

3. The epidemiological week calendar established by the World Health Organization is adopted for calculating each week's cumulative total.

4. Since 2014/1/1, "Varicella" was modified to "Complicated Varicella".

5. Since 2014/3/6, the case definition for confirmed Acute hepatitis C was changed from "meet the clinical **and** laboratory conditions" to "meet the clinical **or** laboratory conditions".

For more details, please visit: <http://www.cdc.gov.tw/professional/downloadmanual.aspx?fid=82DB2EDE7C867BBA>



Suspected Clusters

- In regard to disease clusters, 3 outbreak events were reported, including 1 diarrhea cluster, 1 upper respiratory cluster and 1 pertussis cluster.

Imported Infectious Diseases

- 20 confirmed infectious cases were imported from 6 countries during week 30 of 2014.

Disease \ Country	Country						Total
	Indonesia	Philippines	China	Cambodia	Malaysia	South Africa	
Dengue Fever	3	3	1		1		8
Shigellosis	4*			2			6
Amoebiasis	2*		1				3
Typhoid fever	1*						1
Malaria						1	1
Hepatitis A			1				1
Total	10	3	3	2	1	1	20

Note: The statistics listed in this table include imported cases that were either confirmed or updated* in the previous week.

- A total of 360 infectious cases were imported from 31 countries in 2014.
- Top 3 imported diseases : Dengue fever (108), Amoebiasis (77), Shigellosis (72).
- Top 3 countries responsible for most imported cases : Indonesia (188), Malaysia (39), Philippines (38).

Summary of This Week

- **Enterovirus** : The ER consultation rate for enterovirus infection has continued to decline. During week 30, no case of enterovirus infection with severe complications was confirmed. Thus far this year, 5 cases of enterovirus infection with severe complications have been confirmed (included 1 death case). Coxsackie A virus is currently the dominant virus strain circulating in the community.
- **Dengue fever** : The dengue epidemic has increased rapidly and continued to expand, and the first indigenous case in Tainan, Penghu and New Taipei City were confirmed. Taiwan CDC continues to closely monitor the epidemic situation. The public is reminded to clean and remove any indoor and outdoor water containers; and healthcare providers are advised to stay vigilant for any suspected cases and to notify health authorities promptly to prevent further spread of the disease.

