



Disease Surveillance Express

Weekly Data of Notifiable Infectious Diseases (by week of diagnosis)

Classification	Disease Diagnosed ¹	Week 35		Week 1—35	
		2014	2013	2014	2013
Category I	Plague	0	0	0	0
	Rabies	0	0	0	1
	SARS	0	0	0	0
	Smallpox	0	0	0	0
Category II	Acute Flaccid Paralysis	1	0	27	18
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type A	4	8	78	111
	Amoebiasis	9	12	176	179
	Anthrax	0	0	0	0
	Chikungunya Fever	0	0	7	14
	Cholera	1	0	4	3
	Dengue Fever	229	16	1341	286
	Dengue Hemorrhagic Fever/Dengue Shock Syndrome	2	0	14	4
	Diphtheria	0	0	0	0
	Enterohemorrhagic E. coli Infection	0	0	0	0
	Epidemic Typhus Fever	0	0	0	0
	Hantavirus Pulmonary Syndrome	0	0	0	0
	Hemorrhagic Fever with Renal Syndrome	0	0	1	0
	Malaria	0	0	10	10
	Measles	0	0	18	8
	Meningococcal Meningitis	0	0	3	2
	Paratyphoid Fever	0	0	6	8
	Poliomyelitis	0	0	0	0
	Rubella	0	0	5	4
	Shigellosis	2	4	95	115
Typhoid fever	0	1	16	16	
West Nile Fever	0	0	0	0	
Category III	Acute Viral Hepatitis type B	5	3	79	65
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type C ⁵	5	0	197	7
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type D	0	0	1	0
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type E	0	0	8	4
	Acute Viral Hepatitis untype	0	0	2	2
	Congenital Rubella Syndrome	0	0	0	0
	Enteroviruses Infection with Severe Complications	0	0	6	8
	Haemophilus Influenza type b Infection	0	0	2	7
	Japanese Encephalitis	1	0	15	16
	Legionellosis	5	2	85	71
	Mumps ²	9	29	585	767
	Neonatal Tetanus	0	0	0	0
	Pertussis	2	1	39	43
	Tetanus ²	0	1	3	20
	Category IV	Botulism	0	1	0
Brucellosis		0	0	0	0
Complicated Influenza		3	14	1716	788
Complicated Varicella ⁴		0	0	37	0
Endemic Typhus Fever		1	0	15	21
Herpesvirus B Infection		0	0	0	0
Invasive Pneumococcal Disease		9	4	426	459
Leptospirosis		8	2	47	47
Lyme Disease		0	0	1	0
Melioidosis		3	0	20	8
Q Fever		1	2	37	34
Scrub Typhus		9	14	282	316
Toxoplasmosis		0	0	8	10
Tularremia		0	0	0	0
Category V	Ebola Virus Disease	0	0	0	0
	Ebola-Marburg Hemorrhagic Fever	0	0	0	0
	Novel Influenza A Virus Infections	0	0	0	0
	Lassa Fever	0	0	0	0
	Rift Valley Fever	0	0	0	0
	Middle East Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus	0	0	0	0
Yellow Fever	0	0	0	0	

1. The following 8 chronic diseases are excluded from the table: MDR-TB, Tuberculosis, Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, HIV Infection, AIDS, Hansen Disease and Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease.

2. Reported cases.

3. The epidemiological week calendar established by the World Health Organization is adopted for calculating each week's cumulative total.

4. Since 2014/1/1, "Varicella" was modified to "Complicated Varicella".

5. Since 2014/3/6, the case definition for confirmed Acute hepatitis C was changed from "meet the clinical **and** laboratory conditions" to "meet the clinical **or** laboratory conditions".

For more details, please visit: <http://www.cdc.gov.tw/professional/downloadmanual.aspx?fid=82DB2EDE7C867BBA>



Suspected Clusters

- In regard to disease clusters, 5 outbreak events were reported, including 3 upper respiratory tract infection clusters and 2 pertussis clusters.

Imported Infectious Diseases

- 16 confirmed infectious cases were imported from 5 countries during week 35 of 2014.

Disease \ Country	Indonesia	Philippines	Vietnam	Cambodia	Malaysia	Total
Amoebiasis	7	1				8
Dengue Fever	1	2	1	1	1	6
Shigellosis	1					1
Hepatitis A		1				1
Total	9	4	1	1	1	16

Note: The statistics listed in this table include imported cases that were either confirmed or updated* in the previous week.

- A total of 436 infectious cases were imported from 32 countries in 2014.
- Top 3 imported diseases : Dengue fever (140), Amoebiasis (102), Shigellosis (79).
- Top 3 countries responsible for most imported cases : Indonesia (223), Philippines (53), Malaysia (47).

Summary of This Week

- **Dengue fever** : As we entered the dengue season, the epidemic has increased continuously in Kaohsiung, and indigenous cases in Pingtung were confirmed. As the Moon Festival holiday are coming, local travel and short-term travel abroad will increase the risk of epidemic spread. The public is reminded to clean and remove any indoor and outdoor water containers and vector breeding source; healthcare providers are advised to stay vigilant for any suspected cases and early diagnosis and effective treatment to reduce mortality.
- **Diarrhea** : As the Moon Festival holiday are coming, the public is urged to pay attention to food hygiene and safety when doing barbeque and make sure food is cooked thoroughly before consumption to prevent gastroenteritis outbreak.

