



Disease Surveillance Express

Weekly Data of Notifiable Infectious Diseases (by week of diagnosis)

Classification	Case diagnosis week Disease Diagnosed ¹	Week 52		Week 1—52	
		2013	2012	2013	2012
Category I	H5N1 Influenza	0	0	0	0
	Plague	0	0	0	0
	Rabies	0	0	1	1
	SARS	0	0	0	0
	Smallpox	0	0	0	0
Category II	Acute Flaccid Paralysis	0	0	25	51
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type A	6	1	133	93
	Amoebiasis	6	3	270	265
	Anthrax	0	0	0	0
	Chikungunya Fever	1	0	28	5
	Cholera	0	0	7	5
	Dengue Fever	25	17	851	1480
	Dengue Hemorrhagic Fever/Dengue Shock Syndrome	0	1	16	34
	Diphtheria	0	0	0	0
	Enterohemorrhagic E. coli Infection	0	0	0	0
	Epidemic Typhus Fever	0	0	0	0
	Hantavirus Pulmonary Syndrome	0	0	0	0
	Hemorrhagic Fever with Renal Syndrome	0	0	0	1
	Malaria	0	0	12	12
	Measles	0	0	8	9
	Meningococcal Meningitis	0	0	6	6
	Paratyphoid Fever	0	0	8	8
	Poliomyelitis	0	0	0	0
	Rubella	0	0	7	12
Shigellosis	1	2	154	155	
Typhoid fever	0	1	20	27	
West Nile Fever	0	0	0	0	
Category III	Acute Viral Hepatitis type B	1	1	106	90
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type C	0	0	13	36
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type D	0	0	0	0
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type E	0	0	7	9
	Acute Viral Hepatitis untype	0	0	5	9
	Congenital Rubella Syndrome	0	0	0	0
	Enteroviruses Infection with Severe Complications	1	0	11	159
	Haemophilus Influenza type b Infection	0	0	10	4
	Japanese Encephalitis	0	0	16	32
	Legionellosis	2	2	111	89
	Mumps ²	17	13	1163	1052
	Neonatal Tetanus	0	0	0	0
	Pertussis	4	2	51	52
	Tetanus ²	1	0	24	17
Category IV	Botulism	0	0	1	0
	Brucellosis	0	0	0	0
	Complicated Influenza	20	2	929	1699
	Endemic Typhus Fever	1	0	26	36
	Herpesvirus B Infection	0	0	0	0
	Invasive Pneumococcal Disease	6	10	626	747
	Leptospirosis	1	1	86	89
	Lyme Disease	0	0	0	2
	Melioidosis	0	0	21	27
	Q Fever	0	0	47	49
	Scrub Typhus	9	8	541	450
	Toxoplasmosis	0	1	14	14
	Tularremia	0	0	0	0
Varicella ²	243	238	10303	8265	
Category V	Ebola Hemorrhagic Fever	0	0	0	0
	Ebola-Marburg Hemorrhagic Fever	0	0	0	0
	H7N9 Influenza	0	0	1	0
	Lassa Fever	0	0	0	0
	Rift Valley Fever	0	0	0	0
	Middle East Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus	0	0	0	0
Yellow Fever	0	0	0	0	

1. The following 8 chronic diseases are excluded from the table: MDR-TB, Tuberculosis, Syphilis, Gonorrhea, HIV Infection, AIDS, Hansen Disease and Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease.

2. Reported cases.

3. The epidemiological week calendar established by the World Health Organization is adopted for calculating each week's cumulative total.



Suspected Clusters

- In regard to disease clusters, 12 outbreak events were reported, including 5 diarrhea clusters, 4 upper respiratory tract infection clusters, 2 fever of unknown origin clusters, 2 varicella clusters and 1 pertussis cluster.

Imported Infectious Diseases

- 11 confirmed infectious cases were imported from 5 countries during week 52 of 2013.

Disease \ Country	Country					Total
	Indonesia	Vietnam	Sri Lanka	Thailand	Malaysia	
Dengue Fever	1	1	1	1		4
Amoebiasis	4					4
Shigellosis	1					1
Chikungunya Fever	1					1
Hepatitis A					1	1
Total	7	1	1	1	1	11

Note: The statistics listed in this table include imported cases that were either confirmed or updated* in the previous week.

- A total of 715 infectious cases were imported from 34 countries in 2013.
- Top 3 imported diseases : Dengue fever (260), Amoebiasis (181), Shigellosis (128).
- Top 3 countries responsible for most imported cases : Indonesia (357), Thailand (73), Philippines (64).

Summary of This Week

- **Dengue fever** : The ongoing dengue outbreaks in Kao-Ping Area and Tainan City have declined slightly. Nevertheless, residents in southern Taiwan are reminded to continue to thoroughly clean and remove any indoor and outdoor water containers and vector breeding sources; if suspected symptoms develop, please seek medical attention as soon as possible. Doctors are advised to stay vigilant for and notify any suspected cases to the health authority promptly. Relevant authorities are urged to implement relevant policies thoroughly.
- **Influenza** : Influenza activity has continued to increase. H3N2 is the dominant strain circulating in the community, followed by H1N1 and type B. People meeting the qualifications of government-funded influenza vaccination are urged to get vaccinated



as soon as possible and pay attention to personal hygiene at the same time. As the New Year's Eve is just around the corner, the public is reminded to practice good personal hygiene while celebrating the festival, including resting at home while experiencing fever or influenza-like symptoms, wearing a mask when necessary and seeking immediate medical advice. Taiwan CDC will continue to closely monitor influenza activity.

