



Disease Surveillance Express

Weekly Data of Notifiable Infectious Diseases (by week of diagnosis)

Classification	Disease Diagnosed ¹	Week 42		Week 1—42	
		2014	2013	2014	2013
Category I	Plague	0	0	0	0
	Rabies	0	0	0	1
	SARS	0	0	0	0
	Smallpox	0	0	0	0
Category II	Acute Flaccid Paralysis	0	0	28	19
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type A	5	1	91	121
	Amoebiasis	4	6	227	216
	Anthrax	0	0	0	0
	Chikungunya Fever	0	1	7	24
	Cholera	0	0	4	5
	Dengue Fever	1126	19	5891	430
	Dengue Hemorrhagic Fever/Dengue Shock Syndrome	6	0	52	4
	Diphtheria	0	0	0	0
	Enterohemorrhagic E. coli Infection	0	0	0	0
	Epidemic Typhus Fever	0	0	0	0
	Hantavirus Pulmonary Syndrome	0	0	0	0
	Hemorrhagic Fever with Renal Syndrome	0	0	1	0
	Malaria	3	0	17	10
	Measles	0	0	20	8
	Meningococcal Meningitis	0	0	3	2
	Paratyphoid Fever	0	0	8	8
	Poliomyelitis	0	0	0	0
	Rubella	0	0	5	5
	Shigellosis	3	1	107	134
Typhoid fever	0	0	20	20	
West Nile Fever	0	0	0	0	
Category III	Acute Viral Hepatitis type B	2	4	95	84
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type C ⁵	6	0	144	7
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type D	0	0	1	0
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type E	0	0	10	5
	Acute Viral Hepatitis untype	0	1	3	5
	Congenital Rubella Syndrome	0	0	0	0
	Enteroviruses Infection with Severe Complications	0	0	6	8
	Haemophilus Influenza type b Infection	0	0	3	8
	Japanese Encephalitis	0	0	15	16
	Legionellosis	1	3	103	93
	Mumps ²	21	19	741	937
	Neonatal Tetanus	0	0	0	0
	Pertussis	2	0	58	43
	Tetanus ²	0	0	5	21
	Category IV	Botulism	0	0	0
Brucellosis		0	0	0	0
Complicated Influenza		0	8	1745	838
Complicated Varicella ⁴		0	0	44	0
Endemic Typhus Fever		1	0	20	24
Herpesvirus B Infection		0	0	0	0
Invasive Pneumococcal Disease		7	8	472	509
Leptospirosis		1	5	72	66
Lyme Disease		0	0	2	0
Melioidosis		0	1	27	18
Q Fever		0	0	39	43
Scrub Typhus		14	13	334	402
Toxoplasmosis		0	0	11	12
Tularremia		0	0	0	0
Category V	Ebola Virus Disease	0	0	0	0
	Ebola-Marburg Hemorrhagic Fever	0	0	0	0
	Novel Influenza A Virus Infections	0	0	0	0
	Lassa Fever	0	0	0	0
	Rift Valley Fever	0	0	0	0
	Middle East Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus	0	0	0	0
Yellow Fever	0	0	0	0	

1. The following 8 chronic diseases are excluded from the table: MDR-TB, Tuberculosis, Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, HIV Infection, AIDS, Hansen Disease and Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease.

2. Reported cases.

3. The epidemiological week calendar established by the World Health Organization is adopted for calculating each week's cumulative total.

4. Since 2014/1/1, "Varicella" was modified to "Complicated Varicella".

5. Since 2014/3/6, the case definition for confirmed Acute hepatitis C was changed from "meet the clinical **and** laboratory conditions" to "meet the clinical **or** laboratory conditions".

For more details, please visit: <http://www.cdc.gov.tw/professional/downloadmanual.aspx?fid=82DB2EDE7C867BBA>



Suspected Clusters

- In regard to disease clusters, 4 outbreak events were reported, including 2 upper respiratory tract infection clusters and 2 varicella clusters.

Imported Infectious Diseases

- 19 confirmed infectious cases were imported from 9 countries during week 42 of 2014.

Country Disease	China	Indonesia	Vietnam	Singapore	Philippines	Cote Divoire	Thailand	India	Malaysia	Total
Dengue Fever	5		1	2	2		1		1	12
Shigellosis		1	1					1		3
Amoebiasis		2								2
Malaria						1				1
Hepatitis A		1								1
Total	5	4	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	19

Note: The statistics listed in this table include imported cases that were either confirmed or updated^{*} in the previous week.

- A total of 559 infectious cases were imported from 36 countries in 2014.
- Top 3 imported diseases : Dengue fever (196), Amoebiasis (136), Shigellosis (87).
- Top 3 countries responsible for most imported cases : Indonesia (263), Philippines (71), Malaysia (59).

Summary of This Week

- **Dengue fever** : The dengue activity in Kaohsiung City remained at its peak. Sanmin District is the hardest hit area in Kaohsiung City. In addition, new cases with a travel history to Kaohsiung City have occurred in New Taipei City, Taitung County, Chiayi City, Nantou County and Yunlin County. Moreover, local dengue outbreaks have also occurred in densely populated areas in Pingtung County and Tainan City. On the other hand, as dengue hemorrhagic fever cases have continued to occur, the public is once again reminded to clean and remove any indoor and outdoor water containers and vector breeding sources; doctors are advised to stay vigilant for and notify any suspected cases, especially cases presenting symptoms pertaining to dengue hemorrhagic fever, to the health authority immediately to prevent the occurrence of severe cases and deaths.

