

Disease Surveillance Express

Numbers of New Cases and Cumulative Cases of Notifiable Infectious Diseases (by week of diagnosis)

Case diagnosis year-week		Week 7★		Week 1-7			
Classification	Disease Diagnosed	2023	2022		023		022
	č				Imported cases		
Category I	Plague Rabies	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0
	SARS	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Smallpox	0	0	0	0	0	0
Category II	Acute Flaccid Paralysis	0	0	4	0	4	0
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type A	5	17	19	0	44	0
	Amoebiasis	4	7	37	9	32	6
	Anthrax	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chikungunya Fever	2	0	2	2	0	0
	Cholera Dengue Fever	0 1	0	0	0 12	0	0
	Diphtheria	0	0	12 0	0	0	0
	Enterohemorrhagic E. coli Infection	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Epidemic Typhus Fever	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Hantavirus syndrome	1	0	2	0	0	0
	Malaria	0	0	1	1	0	0
	Measles	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Meningococcal Meningitis	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Paratyphoid Fever	0	0	1	0	0	0
	Poliomyelitis	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Rubella	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Shigellosis	0	6	7	2	14	0
	Typhoid fever	0	0	0	0	0	0
	West Nile Fever	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Zika virus infection Monkeypox	0 1	0	0 1	0	0	0
Category III	Acute Viral Hepatitis type B	5	2	20	1	17	0
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type C	16	7	85	0	50	0
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type D	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type E	0	1	1	1	2	0
	Congenital Syphilis	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Congenital Rubella Syndrome	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Enteroviruses Infection with Severe Complications	0	0	4	0	0	0
	Haemophilus Influenza type b Infection	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Japanese Encephalitis	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Legionnaires' Disease	7	4	43	0	50	0
	Mumps Neonatal Tetanus	0	4 0	31 0	0	29 0	0
	Pertussis	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Tetanus	0	0	0	0	1	0
	Botulism	0	0	0	0	0	0
Category IV	Brucellosis	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Complicated Varicella	3	2	8	0	4	0
	Endemic Typhus Fever	0	0	1	0	0	0
	Herpesvirus B Infection	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Influenza Case with Severe Complications	8	0	28	0	0	0
	Invasive Pneumococcal Disease	8	4	45	0	21	0
	Leptospirosis	1	2	4	0	4	0
	Listeriosis	2	3	21	0	13	0
	Lyme Disease Melioidosis	0	0	0 4	0	1 0	0
	Q Fever	0	0	1	0	2	0
	Scrub Typhus	4	3	25	0	17	0
	Toxoplasmosis	0	0	3	0	3	0
	Tularemia	0	0	0	0	0	0
Category V	Ebola Virus Disease	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Lassa Fever	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Marburg Hemorrhagic Fever	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Middle East Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus Infections		0	0	0	0	0
	Novel Influenza A Virus Infections	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Rift Valley Fever	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Severe Pneumonia with Novel Pathogens	116088	447	1052459	13116	2928	2147
	Yellow Fever	0	0	0	0	0	0

 $[\]bigstar$ The weekly and cumulative total numbers include indigenous and imported cases of notifiable infectious diseases.

Numbers of mumps and tetanus cases are summed up by the week of report. Since 2022/6/23, "Monkeypox " was listed as a Notifiable Infectious Disease







MDR-TB, Tuberculosis, Syphilis, Gonorrhea, HIV Infection, AIDS, Hansen's Disease and Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease are excluded from the table.

Suspected Clusters

Twenty-seven clusters related to diarrhea (18), tuberculosis (3) and upper respiratory tract infection (6) were reported during week 7.

Imported Infectious Diseases

■ There were 1577 imported cases from at least 24 countries / areas during week 7.

Severe Pneumonia with Novel Pathogens: 1572 cases from Japan (100), Thailand (14), Korea (13), Hong Kong (12), USA (10), Singapore (9), the Philippines (7), Malaysia (6), China (6), Vietnam (5), Indonesia (4), Germany (4), UK (3), UAE (3), Australia (3), New Zealand (2), Italy (2), Austria (2), France (1), Lithuania (1), Macau (1), Turkey (1), and Unknown (1363).

Dengue Fever: 1 case from Maldives (1).

Chikungunya Fever: 2 cases from Indonesia (1), Paraguay (1).

Acute Viral Hepatitis type B : 1 case from China (1).

Monkeypox: 1 case from Austria (1).

- During week 1-7, there were 13145 imported cases from at least 36 countries / areas. The top three countries are China (3137), Japan (462), Korea (105).
- During week 1-7, the notifiable diseases with the highest number of imported cases is Severe Pneumonia with Novel Pathogens (13116).

Summary of Epidemic

Severe Pneumonia with Novel Pathogens: The number of COVID-19 cases gradually decrease, but the COVID-19 cases with severe complications were still high. As schools start and cold surge influence, the epidemic could increase by close contacts between individuals.



