week 9-10 (Mar. 1 - Mar. 14, 2015)

DOI: 10.6525/TEB.20150324.31(6).004

Weekly Data of Notifiable Infectious Diseases (by week of diagnosis)

	Case diagnosis week	We	eek 9	Week	1-9
Classification	Disease Diagnosed ¹	2015	2014	2015	2014
Category I	Plague	0	0	0	0
,	Rabies	0	0	0	0
	SARS	0	0	0	0
	Smallpox	0	0	0	0
Category II	Acute Flaccid Paralysis	0	0	3	6
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type A	1	1	18	30
	Amoebiasis	7	4	54	34
	Anthrax	0	0	0	0
	Chikungunya Fever	0	0	1	2
	Cholera	0	0	0	0
	Dengue Fever	5	1	141	87
	Dengue Hemorrhagic Fever/Dengue Shock Syndrome	0	0	0	4
	Diphtheria	0	0	0	0
	Enterohemorrhagic E. coli Infection	0	0	0	0
	Epidemic Typhus Fever	0	0	0	0
	Hantavirus Pulmonary Syndrome	0	0	0	0
	Hemorrhagic Fever with Renal Syndrome	0	0	0	1
	Malaria	0	0	2	3
1	Measles	0	0	0	4
1	Meningococcal Meningitis	1	0	1	2
	Paratyphoid Fever	0	0	1	2
	Poliomyelitis	0	0	0	0
	Rubella	0	1	1	1
	Shigellosis	7 3	4	48 7	29 7
	Typhoid fever	0	1 0	0	0
Catagamilli	West Nile Fever Acute Viral Hepatitis type B	2			
Category III	Acute Viral Hepatitis type B Acute Viral Hepatitis type C ⁵	0	3 0	21 31	13 4
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type C	0	0	0	0
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type E	0	0	1	3
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type L	0	0	0	1
	Congential Rubella Syndrome	Ö	0	ő	0
	Enteroviruses Infection with Severe Complications	ő	Ö	ĭ	1
	Haemophilus Influenza type b Infection	ő	0	1	0
	Japanese Encephalitis	Ö	Ö	0	0
	Legionellosis	2	1	30	27
	Mumps ²	12	5	109	113
	Neonatal Tetanus	0	0	0	0
	Pertussis	1	0	23	3
	Tetanus ²	0	0	1	0
Category IV	Botulism	0	0	1	0
	Brucellosis	0	0	0	0
	Complicated Influenza	25	122	129	962
	Complicated Varicella⁴	6	0	16	20
	Endemic Typhus Fever	0	0	0	4
	Herpesvirus B Infection	0	0	0	0
	Invasive Pneumococcal Disease	15	6	145	175
	Leptospirosis	1	0	9	9
	Lyme Disease	0	0	0	0
	Melioidosis	0	0	3	4
	Q Fever	1	2	4	16
	Scrub Typhus	2	3	51	68
	Toxoplasmosis	0	0	0	1
6.1	Tularremia	0	0	0	0
Category V	Ebola Virus Disease	0	0	0	0
1	Ebola-Marburg Hemorrhagic Fever	0	0	0	0
1	Novel Influenza A Virus Infections ⁵	0	0	0	0
	Lassa Fever	0	0	0	0
	Rift Valley Fever	0	0	0	0
	Middle East Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus	0	0 0	0	0 0
	Yellow Fever	U	U	U	U

^{1.} The following 8 chronic diseases are excluded from the table: MDR-TB, Tuberculosis, Syphilis, Gonorrhea, HIV Infection, AIDS, Hansen Disease and Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease.

Reported cases.
 The epidemiological week calendar established by the World Health Organization is adopted for calculating each week's

The epidemiological week calendar established by the world Health Organization is adopted for calculating each week a cumulative total.
 Since 2014/1/1, "Varicella" was modified to "Complicated Varicella".
 Since 2014/3/6, the case definition for confirmed Acute hepatitis C was changed from "meet the clinical and laboratory conditions" to "meet the clinical or laboratory conditions".
 Since 2014/7/1, various subtypes of human cases of avian influenza changed to the fifth class of infectious diseases "novel influenza A virus infections". The original "H5N1 flu" and "H7N9 flu" were removed on the same day.

Suspected Clusters

•Nineteen clusters were reported, including 3 tuberculosis clusters, 9 diarrhea clusters, 4 upper respiratory tract infection clusters, 1 influenza-like illness cluster, 1 varicella cluster and 1 fever of unknown origin cluster.

Imported Infectious Diseases

●13 confirmed cases were imported from 7 countries during week 9 of 2015.

Country Disease	Indonesia	Brazil	Vietnam	Philippines	Japan	Bangladesh	Cambodia	Total
Dengue Fever	4	2	1					7
Amoebiasis	1			1				2
Shigellosis	1						1	2
Typhoid fever						1		1
Scrub Typhus					1			1
Total	6	2	1	1	1	1	1	13

Note: The statistics listed in this table include imported cases that were either <u>confirmed</u> or <u>updated</u>* in the previous week.

- •A total of 115 confirmed cases were imported from 22 countries in 2015.
- Top 3 imported diseases: Dengue fever (40), Amoebiasis (32), Shigellosis (18).
- ●Top 3 countries responsible for most imported cases: Indonesia (65), Vietnam (9), Malaysia (5).

Summary of Epidemic

- ●Influenza: Although the epidemic has begun to reverse, the influenza activity still remained high. Since January 1, 2015, a total number of 128 cases of severe complicated influenza have been confirmed, including 14 cases infected by H1N1, 99 cases infected by H3N2, 3 cases infected by untyped influenza A and 12 cases infected by influenza B. Among these cases, 16 deaths were caused by infection with H3N2 and 1 death was caused by infection with influenza B. During week 9, H3N2 is the dominant strain circulating in the community.
- ●Diarrhea: Although the number of patient visits for viral gastroenteritis declined as compared to the week before, the outbreak remained elevated. In addition, many diarrhea clusters had occurred recently. The public is urged to practice good personal hygiene. More particularly, the food and beverage industry, hospitals, care facilities, schools and other densely populated places are urged to strengthen infection prevention and control measures. Individuals experiencing any suspicious symptoms are advised to seek immediate medical treatment and stay home to prevent further transmission of the disease.

Weekly Data of Notifiable Infectious Diseases (by week of diagnosis)

	Case diagnosis week	We	ek 10	Week	1-10
Classification	Disease Diagnosed¹	2015	2014	2015	2014
Category I	Plague	0	0	0	0
	Rabies	0	0	0	0
	SARS	0	0	0	0
	Smallpox	0	0	0	0
Category II	Acute Flaccid Paralysis	0	0	3	6
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type A	0	1	18	31
	Amoebiasis Anthrax	8 0	8 0	62 0	42 0
	Chikungunya Fever	0	0	1	2
	Cholera	0	0	0	0
	Dengue Fever	13	4	154	91
	Dengue Hemorrhagic Fever/Dengue Shock Syndrome	0	0	0	4
	Diphtheria	0	0	0	0
	Enterohemorrhagic E. coli Infection	0	0	0	0
	Epidemic Typhus Fever	0	0	0	0
	Hantavirus Pulmonary Syndrome	0	0	0	0
	Hemorrhagic Fever with Renal Syndrome	0	0	0	1
	Malaria	0	0	2	3
	Measles	0	0	0	4
	Meningococcal Meningitis	0	0	1	2
	Paratyphoid Fever	0	0	1	2
	Poliomyelitis Rubella	0 0	0 0	0	0
	Shigellosis	0 1	1	1 49	1 30
	Typhoid fever	1	0	7	30 7
	West Nile Fever	0	0	ó	ó
Category III	Acute Viral Hepatitis type B	3	3	24	16
category in	Acute Viral Hepatitis type C ⁵	1	2	32	6
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type D	Ō	0	0	Ö
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type E	Ö	0	1	3
	Acute Viral Hepatitis untype	0	0	0	1
	Congential Rubella Syndrome	0	0	0	0
	Enteroviruses Infection with Severe Complications	0	0	1	1
	Haemophilus Influenza type b Infection	0	0	1	0
	Japanese Encephalitis	0	0	0	0
	Legionellosis	2	3	32	30
	Mumps ²	15	15	124	128
	Neonatal Tetanus	0	0	0 24	0
	Pertussis Tetanus ²	1 0	0 0	24 1	3 0
Category IV	Botulism	0	0	1	0
category	Brucellosis	0	0	0	0
	Complicated Influenza	26	146	155	1108
	Complicated Varicella ⁴	0	1	16	21
	Endemic Typhus Fever	0	0	0	4
	Herpesvirus B Infection	0	0	0	0
	Invasive Pneumococcal Disease	8	17	153	192
	Leptospirosis	0	0	9	9
	Lyme Disease	0	0	0	0
	Melioidosis	0	1	3	5
	Q Fever	0	2	4	18
	Scrub Typhus	1	1	52	69
	Toxoplasmosis	0	0	0	1
Cotogo: V	Tularremia	0	0	0	0
Category V	Ebola Virus Disease	0	0	0	0
	Ebola-Marburg Hemorrhagic Fever	0	0	0	0
	Novel Influenza A Virus Infections ⁶ Lassa Fever	0 0	0 0	0	0 0
	Rift Valley Fever	0	0	0	0
	Middle East Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus	0	0	0	0
	Yellow Fever	0	0	0	0
	ving 8 chronic diseases are excluded from the table:		-		

^{1.} The following 8 chronic diseases are excluded from the table: MDR-TB, Tuberculosis, Syphilis, Gonorrhea, HIV Infection, AIDS, Hansen Disease and Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease.

Reported cases.
 The epidemiological week calendar established by the World Health Organization is adopted for calculating each week's cumulative total.

<sup>cumulative total.
4. Since 2014/1/1, "Varicella" was modified to "Complicated Varicella".
5. Since 2014/3/6, the case definition for confirmed Acute hepatitis C was changed from "meet the clinical and laboratory conditions".
6. Since 2014/7/1, various subtypes of human cases of avian influenza are reported as "novel influenza A virus infections", a Category V Notifiable Infectious Disease. The original "H5N1 flu" and "H7N9 flu", which were respectively listed as a Category I Notifiable Infectious Disease and Category V Notifiable Infectious Disease were removed from the list on the same day.</sup>

Suspected Clusters

●Twenty four clusters were reported, including 12 diarrhea clusters, 5 tuberculosis clusters, 4 upper respiratory tract infection clusters, 2 influenza-like illness clusters, and 1 varicella cluster.

Imported Infectious Diseases

●23 confirmed cases were imported from 3 countries during week 10 of 2015.

Country Disease	Indonesia	Philippines	Malaysia	Total
Dengue Fever	8		2	10
Amoebiasis	6	2		8
Shigellosis	4			4
Typhoid fever	1			1
Total	19	2	2	23

Note: The statistics listed in this table include imported cases that were either <u>confirmed</u> <u>updated</u>* in the previous week.

- •A total of 138 confirmed cases were imported from 22 countries in 2015.
- Top 3 imported diseases: Dengue fever (50), Amoebiasis (40), Shigellosis (22).
- ●Top 3 countries responsible for most imported cases: Indonesia (84), Vietnam (9), Malaysia (7).

Summary of Epidemic

- ●Influenza: Although the epidemic has begun to reverse, we are still in the middle of the flu season. Since January 1, 2015, a cumulative total of 153 cases of severe complicated influenza have been confirmed, including 16 cases infected by H1N1, 120 cases infected by H3N2, 2 cases infected by untyped influenza A and 15 cases infected by influenza B. Among these cases, 19 deaths were caused by infection with H3N2 and 1 death was caused by infection with influenza B. During week 10, H3N2 is the dominant strain circulating in the community.
- ●Diarrhea: Although the number of patient visits for viral gastroenteritis decreased as during the past two weeks, viral gastroenteritis activity remained high and many diarrhea clusters had still occurred. The public is urged to practice good personal hygiene. More particularly, the food and beverage industry, hospitals, care facilities,

schools and other densely populated places are urged to strengthen infection prevention and control measures. Individuals experiencing any suspicious symptoms are advised to seek immediate medical treatment and stay home to prevent further transmission of the disease.

The Taiwan Epidemiology Bulletin series of publications is published by Centers for Disease Control,

Ministry of Health and Welfare, Taiwan (R.O.C.) since Dec 15, 1984.

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Publisher: Hsu-Sung Kuo

Editor-in-Chief: Tsuey-Fong Lee

Executive Editor : Chien-Chun Chen, Hsiu-Lan Liu **Website :** http://www.cdc.gov.tw/

Suggested Citation:

[Author].[Article title]. Taiwan Epidemiol Bull 2015;31:[inclusive page numbers]. [DOI]