week 28–30 (Jul. 10–Jul. 30, 2016)

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Numbers of New Cases and Cumulative Cases of Notifiable Infectious Diseases (by week of diagnosis)

Case diagnosis week		Wee	ek 28	Week 1—28		
Classification	Disease Diagnosed ¹	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Category I	Plague	0	0	0	0	
	Rabies	0	0	0	0	
	SARS	0	0	0	0	
	Smallpox	0	0	0	0	
Category II	Acute Flaccid Paralysis	0	0	18	10	
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type A	42	2	575	47	
	Amoebiasis	3	5	155	198	
	Anthrax	0	0	0	0	
	Chalara	0	1 0	7 0	4 4	
	Cholera Dengue Fever	0 10	38	590	4 362	
	Diphtheria	0	0	0	0	
	Enterohemorrhagic E. coli Infection	0	0	0	0	
	Epidemic Typhus Fever	Ö	Ö	Ö	ő	
	Hantavirus Pulmonary Syndrome	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	
	Hemorrhagic Fever with Renal Syndrome	Ö	0	3	Ö	
	Malaria	0	0	6	6	
	Measles	0	2	6	27	
	Meningococcal Meningitis	0	0	2	2	
	Paratyphoid Fever	1	0	4	3	
	Poliomyelitis	0	0	0	0	
	Rubella	0	0	4	6	
	Shigellosis	2	1	115	97	
	Typhoid fever	0	0	2	17	
	West Nile Fever	0	0	0	0	
Category III	Acute Viral Hepatitis type B	4	2	53	65	
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type C ⁵	8	7	118	118	
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type D	0	0	1	1	
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type E Acute Viral Hepatitis untype	0	0 1	10 0	1 1	
	Congential Rubella Syndrome	0	0	0	0	
	Enteroviruses Infection with Severe Complications	0	1	13	4	
	Haemophilus Influenza type b Infection	ő	Ō	7	1	
	Japanese Encephalitis	1	2	10	20	
	Legionellosis	0	10	59	97	
	Mumps ²	13	10	316	428	
	Neonatal Tetanus	0	0	0	0	
	Pertussis	0	0	8	63	
	Tetanus ²	0	1	6	6	
Category IV	Botulism	0	1	3	2	
	Brucellosis	0	0	0	0	
	Complicated Influenza	2	21	1844	707	
	Complicated Varicella ⁴	4	1	24	32	
	Endemic Typhus Fever	0	0	10	16	
	Herpesvirus B Infection	0	0	0	0	
	Invasive Pneumococcal Disease	9	9 4	354 35	320 33	
	Leptospirosis Lyme Disease	0	0	0	0	
	Melioidosis	0	3	8	20	
	Q Fever	0	2	26	25	
	Scrub Typhus	12	15	254	195	
	Toxoplasmosis	2	0	7	6	
	Tularremia	0	0	Ó	0	
Category V	Ebola Virus Disease	0	0	0	0	
	Ebola-Marburg Hemorrhagic Fever	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	
	Novel Influenza A Virus Infections ⁶	0	0	0	0	
	Lassa Fever	0	0	0	0	
	Rift Valley Fever	0	0	0	0	
	Middle East Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus	0	0	0	0	
	Yellow Fever					

^{1.} The following 8 chronic diseases are excluded from the table: MDR-TB, Tuberculosis, Syphilis, Gonorrhea, HIV Infection, AIDS, Hansen Disease and Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease.

Reported cases.
 Since 2014/1/1, "Varicella" was modified to "Complicated Varicella".
 Since 2014/3/6, the case definition for confirmed Acute hepatitis C was changed from "meet the clinical and laboratory conditions" to "meet the clinical or laboratory conditions".
 Since 2014/7/1, various subtypes of human cases of avian influenza are reported as "novel influenza A virus infections", a Category V Notifiable Infectious Disease. The original "H5N1 flu" and "H7N9 flu", which were respectively listed as a Category I Notifiable Infectious Disease and a Category V Notifiable Infectious Disease were removed from the list on the

^{6.} Since 2016/1/22, "Zika Virus Infection" was listed as a Notifiable Infectious Disease.

Suspected Clusters

• Fifteen clusters were reported, including 6 tuberculosis clusters, 5 diarrhea clusters, 3 upper respiratory tract infection clusters, and 1 fever of unknown origin cluster.

Imported Infectious Diseases

•13 confirmed cases were imported from 8 countries during Week 28 of 2016.

Country Disease		Thailand	Singapore	Malaysia	Philippines	India	Japan	Cambodia	Total
Dengue Fever	4	2	1	1	1				9
Hepatitis A		1					1		2
Q Fever								1	1
Measles						1			1
Total	4	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	13

Note: The statistics listed in this table include imported cases that were either <u>confirmed</u> or <u>updated</u>* in the previous week.

- A total of 373 confirmed cases were imported from 30 countries in 2016.
- •Top 3 imported diseases: Dengue fever (152), Amoebiasis (69), Hepatitis A (54).
- •Top 3 countries responsible for most imported cases: Indonesia (163), Thailand (42), Philippines (29).

Summary of Epidemic

- •Enterovirus: The epidemic activity has continued and is expected to decrease gradually during the summer vacation. Coxsackie A virus is currently the dominant strain circulating in the community. Sporadic cases of enterovirus 71 infection have been confirmed recently. This year, a total of 103 cases of enterovirus 71 infection, including 12 severe cases, 89 mild cases and 2 suspected severe cases, have been confirmed. The public is urged to enhance personal hygiene and stay vigilant for suspicious symptoms of enterovirus infection with severe complications in infants.
- Dengue Fever: The epidemic has increased gradually in Southeast Asian countries. Imported cases have continued to be reported. The recent high temperatures and occurrence of intermittent rain have still promoted mosquito growths, and elevated the risk of dengue transmission. The public is urged to clean up and remove any vector breeding sites and take prevention measures against mosquito bites.

- •Scrub Typhus: The numbers of cases reported and continue increasing. The peak of scrub typhus season is during the months of June to July. The endemic areas are primarily eastern and outlying islands of Taiwan.
- Japanese Encephalitis: The peak of Japanese encephalitis season is during the months of June to July. Although the endemic areas are primarily central, southern Taiwan and Hualien County, sporadic cases are expected to be reported in other cities and counties.

Numbers of New Cases and Cumulative Cases of Notifiable Infectious Diseases (by week of diagnosis)

	Case diagnosis week		ek 29		1-29
Classification	Disease Diagnosed ¹	2016	2015	2016	2015
Category I	Plague	0	0	0	0
	Rabies	0	0	0	0
	SARS	0	0	0	0
	Smallpox	0	0	0	0
Category II	Acute Flaccid Paralysis	2	0	20	10
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type A	38	5	613	52
	Amoebiasis	9	7	164	205
	Anthrax	0	0	0	0
	Chikungunya Fever	0	0	7	4
	Cholera	3	0	3	4
	Dengue Fever	6	80	594	442
	Diphtheria	0	0	0	0
	Enterohemorrhagic E. coli Infection	0	0	0	0
	Epidemic Typhus Fever	0	0	0	0
	Hantavirus Pulmonary Syndrome	0	0	0	0
	Hemorrhagic Fever with Renal Syndrome	0	1	3	1
	Malaria	0	1	6	7
	Measles	0	0	6	27
	Meningococcal Meningitis	0	0	2	2
	Paratyphoid Fever	0	0	4	3
	Poliomyelitis	0	0	0	0
	Rubella	o o	Ö	4	6
	Shigellosis	2	4	117	101
	Typhoid fever	1	2	3	19
	West Nile Fever	0	0	0	0
Category III	Acute Viral Hepatitis type B	2	5	55	70
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type C ⁵	2	6	120	124
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type D	0	0	1	1
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type E	0	0	10	1
	Acute Viral Hepatitis untype	0	0	0	1
	Congential Rubella Syndrome	0	Ö	0	0
	Enteroviruses Infection with Severe Complications	1	0	14	4
	Haemophilus Influenza type b Infection	3	0	10	1
	Japanese Encephalitis	3	2	13	22
	Legionellosis	1	7	60	104
	Mumps ²	12	19	328	447
	Neonatal Tetanus	0	0	0	0
	Pertussis	1	0	9	63
	Tetanus ²	1	Ö	7	6
Category IV	Botulism	1	0	4	2
ategory	Brucellosis	0	0	0	0
	Complicated Influenza	2	17	1846	724
	Complicated Influenza Complicated Varicella ⁴	0	2	24	34
		-			
	Endemic Typhus Fever	1	2	11	18
	Herpesvirus B Infection Invasive Pneumococcal Disease	0	0 6	0	0
		8		362	326
	Leptospirosis	3 0	2	38	35 1
	Lyme Disease	_	1	0	1
	Melioidosis	1	0	9	20
	Q Fever	2	0	28	25
	Scrub Typhus	12	25	266	220
	Toxoplasmosis	0	0	7	6
National 17	Tularremia	0	0	0	0
Category V	Ebola Virus Disease	0	0	0	0
	Ebola-Marburg Hemorrhagic Fever	0	0	0	0
	Novel Influenza A Virus Infections ⁶	0	0	0	0
	Lassa Fever	0	0	0	0
	Rift Valley Fever	0	0	0	0
	Middle East Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus	0	0	0	0
	Yellow Fever	0	0	0	0

The following 8 chronic diseases are excluded from the table: MDR-TB, Tuberculosis, Syphilis, Gonorrhea, HIV Infection, AIDS, Hansen Disease and Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease.
 Reported cases.
 Since 2014/1/1, "Varicella" was modified to "Complicated Varicella".
 Since 2014/3/6, the case definition for confirmed Acute hepatitis C was changed from "meet the clinical and laboratory conditions" to "meet the clinical or laboratory conditions".
 Since 2014/7/1, various subtypes of human cases of avian influenza are reported as "novel influenza A virus infections", a Category V Notifiable Infectious Disease. The original "H5N1 flu" and "H7N9 flu", which were respectively listed as a Category I Notifiable Infectious Disease and a Category V Notifiable Infectious Disease were removed from the list on the same day.
 Since 2016/1/22, "Zika Virus Infection" was listed as a Notifiable Infectious Disease.

Suspected Clusters

•Seventeen clusters were reported, including 8 diarrhea clusters, 5 upper respiratory tract infection clusters, 3 tuberculosis clusters, and 1 varicella cluster.

Imported Infectious Diseases

•12 confirmed cases were imported from 7 countries during Week 29 of 2016.

Country Disease	Indonesia	Malaysia	Vietnam	Philippines	USA	India	China	Total
Dengue Fever	1	3	1	1				6
Amoebiasis	2							2
Hepatitis A					1		1	2
Typhoid fever						1		1
Shigellosis	1							1
Total	4	3	1	1	1	1	1	12

Note: The statistics listed in this table include imported cases that were either <u>confirmed</u> or <u>updated</u>* in the previous week.

- A total of 384 confirmed cases were imported from 31 countries in 2016.
- •Top 3 imported diseases: Dengue fever (158), Amoebiasis (71), Hepatitis A (55).
- •Top 3 countries responsible for most imported cases: Indonesia (167), Thailand (42), Malaysia (31).

Summary of Epidemic

- •Enterovirus: The epidemic activity has continued and is expected to decrease gradually during the summer vacation. Additionally, the peak of the epidemic activity is expected to be over by early August. Coxsackie A virus is currently the dominant strain circulating in the community. Sporadic cases of enterovirus 71 infection have been confirmed recently. This year, a total of 112 cases of enterovirus 71 infection, including 13 severe cases and 99 mild cases, have been confirmed. The public is urged to enhance personal hygiene and stay vigilant for suspicious symptoms of enterovirus infection with severe complications in infants.
- Dengue Fever: The epidemic has increased gradually in Southeast Asian countries. Imported cases have continued to be reported. The new indigenous cases have been confirmed in Tainan City and Kaohsiung City. The recent high temperatures and occurrence of intermittent rain have still promoted mosquito growths and elevated the risk of dengue transmission. The public is urged to clean up and remove any vector breeding sites and take prevention measures against mosquito bites.

- •Scrub Typhus: The numbers of cases reported and confirmed have continued to increase. The peak of scrub typhus season is during the months of June to July. The endemic areas are primarily eastern and outlying islands of Taiwan.
- Japanese Encephalitis: The peak of Japanese encephalitis season is during the months of June to July. Although the endemic areas primarily include central and southern Taiwan and Hualien County, sporadic cases are expected to be reported in other cities and counties.

Numbers of New Cases and Cumulative Cases of Notifiable Infectious Diseases (by week of diagnosis)

	Case diagnosis week		ek 30		1-30
	Disease Diagnosed ¹	2016	2015	2016	2015
Category I	Plague	0	0	0	0
	Rabies	0	0	0	0
	SARS	0	0	0	0
	Smallpox	0	0	0	0
ategory II	Acute Flaccid Paralysis	1	0	21	10
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type A	33	4	646	56
	Amoebiasis	6	6	170	211
	Anthrax	0	0	0	0
	Chikungunya Fever	0	0	7	4
	Cholera	0	0	3	4
	Dengue Fever	11	127	605	569
	Diphtheria	0	0	0	0
	Enterohemorrhagic E. coli Infection	0	0	0	0
	Epidemic Typhus Fever	0	0	0	0
	Hantavirus Pulmonary Syndrome	0	0	0	0
	Hemorrhagic Fever with Renal Syndrome	0	0	3	1
	Malaria	0	0	6	7
	Measles	0	0	6	27
	Meningococcal Meningitis	0	0	2	2
	Paratyphoid Fever	0	0	4	3
	Poliomyelitis	0	0	0	0
	Rubella	0	0	4	6
	Shigellosis	4	2	121	103
	Typhoid fever	0	2	3	21
	West Nile Fever	0	0	0	0
ategory III	Acute Viral Hepatitis type B	0	3	55	73
0,	Acute Viral Hepatitis type C ⁵	3	5	123	129
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type D	0	0	1	1
	Acute Viral Hepatitis type E	0	0	10	1
	Acute Viral Hepatitis untype	0	0	0	1
	Congential Rubella Syndrome	0	0	0	0
	Enteroviruses Infection with Severe Complications	1	0	15	4
	Haemophilus Influenza type b Infection	0	0	10	1
	Japanese Encephalitis	2	1	15	23
	Legionellosis	3	2	63	106
	Mumps ²	10	15	338	462
	Neonatal Tetanus	0	0	0	0
	Pertussis	1	0	10	63
	Tetanus ²	0	0	7	6
ategory IV	Botulism	0	0	4	2
	Brucellosis	0	0	0	0
	Complicated Influenza	3	12	1849	736
	Complicated Varicella ⁴	1	1	25	35
	Endemic Typhus Fever	0	1	11	19
	Herpesvirus B Infection	Ö	0	0	0
	Invasive Pneumococcal Disease	8	5	370	331
	Leptospirosis	1	2	39	37
	Lyme Disease	0	0	0	1
	Melioidosis	4	0	13	20
	Q Fever	0	1	28	26
	Scrub Typhus	14	16	281	236
	Toxoplasmosis	0	0	7	6
	Tularremia	0	0	0	0
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ategory V	Ebola Virus Disease	0	0	0	0
	Ebola-Marburg Hemorrhagic Fever	0	0	0	0
	Novel Influenza A Virus Infections ⁶	0	0	0	0
	Lassa Fever	0	0	0	0
	Rift Valley Fever	0	0	0	0
	Middle East Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus	0	0	0	0
	Yellow Fever	0	0	0	0

^{1.} The following 8 chronic diseases are excluded from the table: MDR-TB, Tuberculosis, Syphilis, Gonorrhea, HIV Infection, AIDS, Hansen Disease and Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease.

Reported cases.
 Since 2014/1/1, "Varicella" was modified to "Complicated Varicella".
 Since 2014/3/6, the case definition for confirmed Acute hepatitis C was changed from "meet the clinical and laboratory conditions" to "meet the clinical or laboratory conditions".
 Since 2014/7/1, various subtypes of human cases of avian influenza are reported as "novel influenza A virus infections", a Category V Notifiable Infectious Disease. The original "H5N1 flu" and "H7N9 flu", which were respectively listed as a Category I Notifiable Infectious Disease and a Category V Notifiable Infectious Disease were removed from the list on the same day.

^{6.} Since 2016/1/22, "Zika Virus Infection" was listed as a Notifiable Infectious Disease.

Suspected Clusters

•Eight clusters were reported, including 6 tuberculosis clusters, 1 diarrhea cluster, and 1 upper respiratory tract infection cluster.

Imported Infectious Diseases

•17 confirmed cases were imported from 6 countries during Week 30 of 2016.

Country Disease	Indonesia	China	Vietnam	Philippines	Cambodia	Thailand	Total
Dengue Fever	3		2	2	1	1	9
Amoebiasis	3						3
Hepatitis A	1	2					3
Shigellosis	1						1
Scrub Typhus		1					1
Total	8	3	2	2	1	1	17

Note: The statistics listed in this table include imported cases that were either <u>confirmed</u> or <u>updated</u>* in the previous week.

- A total of 401 confirmed cases were imported from 31 countries in 2016.
- •Top 3 imported diseases: Dengue fever (167), Amoebiasis (74), Hepatitis A (58).
- •Top 3 countries responsible for most imported cases: Indonesia (174), Thailand (43), Malaysia (32).

Summary of Epidemic

- Dengue Fever: The epidemic has increased gradually in Southeast Asian countries. Imported cases have continued to be reported. The recent high temperatures and occurrence of intermittent rain have still promoted mosquito growths and elevated the risk of dengue transmission. The public is urged to clean up and remove any vector breeding sites and take prevention measures against mosquito bites.
- •Scrub Typhus: The numbers of cases reported and confirmed have continued to increase. The peak of scrub typhus season is during the months of June to July. The endemic areas are primarily eastern and outlying islands of Taiwan.
- Japanese Encephalitis: The peak of Japanese encephalitis season is during the months of June to July. Although the endemic areas primarily include central and southern Taiwan and Hualien County, sporadic cases are expected to be reported in other cities and counties.

•Enterovirus: The epidemic activity has continued and is expected to decrease gradually during the summer vacation. Additionally, the peak of the epidemic activity is expected to be over by early August. Coxsackie A virus is currently the dominant strain circulating in the community. Sporadic cases of enterovirus 71 infection have been confirmed recently. This year, a total of 116 cases of enterovirus 71 infection, including 13 severe cases, 102 mild cases and 1 suspected severe cases, have been confirmed. The public is urged to enhance personal hygiene and stay vigilant for suspicious symptoms of enterovirus infection with severe complications in infants.

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