Taiwan CDC

2022-2023 Influenza Season

Week 12, Mar 19 - Mar 25, 2023

## **Synopsis**

#### Influenza virus activity is persistence.

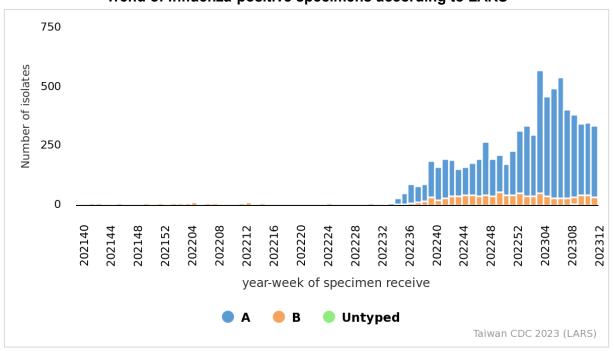
- Influenza virus activity is persistence in community. A/H3N2 was the predominant type among influenza virus isolates during the last four weeks.
- Those numbers of medical visits for influenza-like illness (ILI) during recent weeks were comparable, and that of week 12 was still higher than the same periods of the previous three flu seasons.
- There have been 67 influenza cases with severe complications (56 H3N2, 6 H1N1, 1 untyped influenza A, and 4 influenza B) since October 1, 2022, and 14 of them were fatal.

# Laboratory Surveillance<sup>1</sup>

#### **Laboratory Automated Reporting System (LARS)**

The number of influenza-positive specimens during week 12 was slightly lower than that of the previous week. During the last four weeks, the proportion of influenza A positive specimens was 89%.





<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In terms of the surveillance systems in Taiwan, please see: Jian, S. W., Chen, C. M., Lee, C. Y., & Liu, D. P. (2017). Real-Time Surveillance of Infectious Diseases: Taiwan's Experience. Health security, 15(2), 144-153.

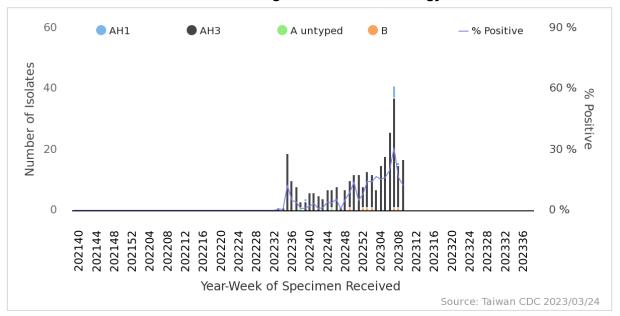


疫情通報及關懷專線: (1922 http://www.cdc.gov.tw

#### **Contracted Virology Laboratories Surveillance**

The proportion of influenza-positive specimens of week 10 was 12.5%. During the last four weeks (week 7 to week 10, 2023), A/H3N2 was the predominant type among influenza virus isolates. Weekly virus data are available at <a href="https://nidss.cdc.gov.tw/">https://nidss.cdc.gov.tw/</a>.

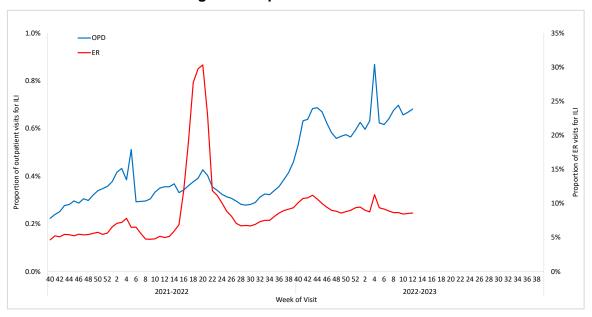
#### Influenza isolates according to Contracted Virology Laboratories



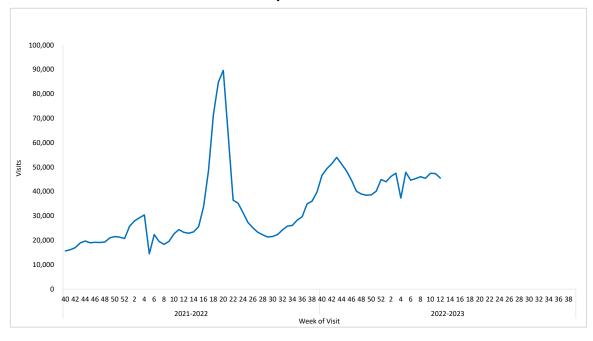
# Influenza-like Illness (ILI) Surveillance

During week 12, the proportions of ILI visits were 0.7% and 8.6% for the outpatient and ER visits respectively. The total number of visits for ILI in outpatient and ER was 45,514, comparable with that during recent weeks, and higher than the same periods of the previous three flu seasons.

### Percentages of outpatient and ER visits for ILI



### Total number of outpatient and ER visits for ILI



# **Influenza Case with Severe Complications**

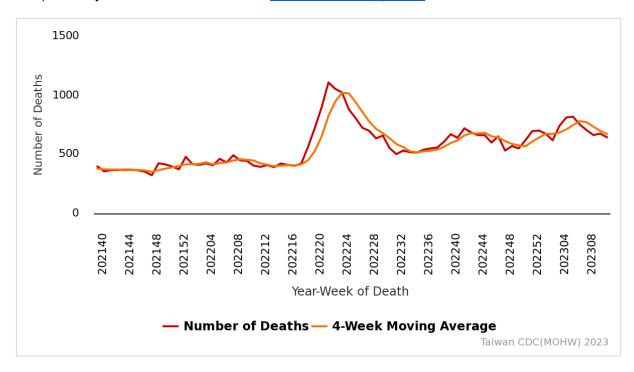
There were three newly confirmed influenza cases with severe complications and one newly fatal case. A total of 67 influenza cases with severe complications (56 H3N2, 6 H1N1, 1 untyped influenza A, and 4 influenza B) have been confirmed since October 1, 2022, and 14 of them (12 H3N2, 1 H1N1 and 1 influenza B) were fatal.

# Incidence of influenza cases with severe complications and mortality rate October 1, 2022, to March 27, 2023

Age Group	Cases	Deaths	Cumulative incidence per 100,000 population	Cumulative mortality per 100,000 population
< 3 y	1	0	0.21	0
3-6 y	2	0	0.26	0
7-18 y	7	0	0.29	0
19-24 y	1	0	0.06	0
25-49 y	13	1	0.15	0.01
50-64 y	17	4	0.32	0.08
65 +	26	9	0.65	0.23
Total	67	14	0.29	0.06

## Pneumonia and Influenza (P&I) Mortality Surveillance

Based on the Internet System for Death Reporting (ISDR)<sup>2</sup> data, the number of deaths attributed to pneumonia and influenza (P&I) during week 11 was lower than the previous week, and the trend has decreased during recent weeks. The proportion of deaths attributed to P&I for adults aged 65 and older was the highest among the three age groups (0-49, 50-64, and 65+). Weekly P&I data are available at https://nidss.cdc.gov.tw/.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Medical institutions are required to report any mortality case to the Ministry of Health and Welfare (MOHW) within 7 days after a death certificate is issued through the Internet System for Death Reporting (ISDR). Either the immediate cause of death or the underlying cause of death was used to identify P&I death cases. Only those with keyword texts containing 'pneumonia', 'influenza' or 'common cold' were counted as a P&I death.

