Taiwan CDC

2022-2023 Influenza Season

Week 44, Oct 30 - Nov 5, 2022

# **Synopsis**

Influenza virus activity and the number of medical visits for ILI increased in recent weeks.

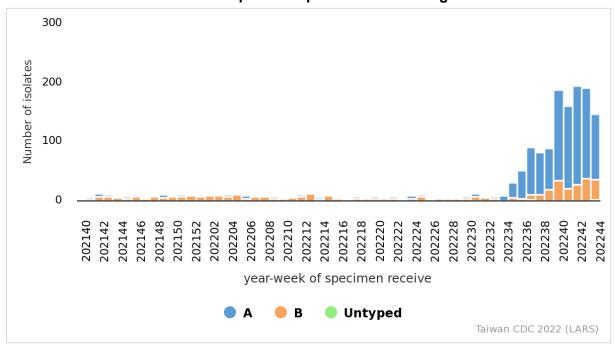
- Influenza virus activity increased recently in community. A/H3N2 was predominant type among influenza virus isolates during the past four weeks.
- The number of medical visits for influenza-like illness (ILI) was lower than previous week, but still higher than the same periods of previous two flu seasons.
- There was two influenza case with severe complications (A/H3Ns) since October 1, 2022, and one of them was fatal.

# Laboratory Surveillance<sup>1</sup>

### **Laboratory Automated Reporting System (LARS)**

The number of influenza-positive specimens increased in recent weeks. During the past four weeks, the proportions of influenza A and influenza B positive specimens were 82% and 18% respectively.

# Trend of influenza-positive specimens according to LARS



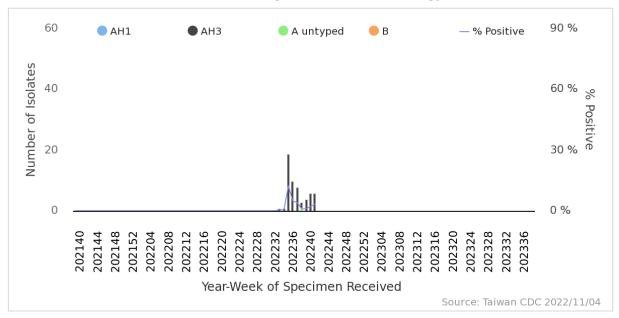
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In terms of the surveillance systems in Taiwan, please see: Jian, S. W., Chen, C. M., Lee, C. Y., & Liu, D. P. (2017). Real-Time Surveillance of Infectious Diseases: Taiwan's Experience. Health security, 15(2), 144-153.



#### **Contracted Virology Laboratories Surveillance**

The proportion of influenza-positive specimens was 3.3% during week 42, 2022. During the past four weeks (week 39 to week 42, 2022), A/H3N2 was predominant type among influenza virus isolates. Weekly virus data are available at <a href="https://nidss.cdc.gov.tw/">https://nidss.cdc.gov.tw/</a>.

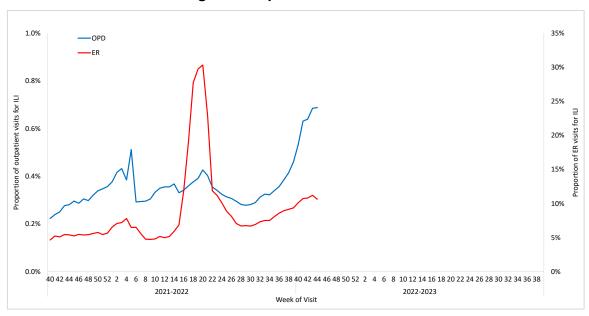
#### Influenza isolates according to Contracted Virology Laboratories



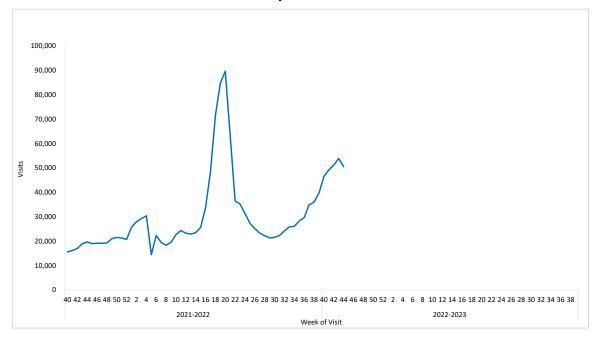
# Influenza-like Illness (ILI) Surveillance

During week 44, the proportions of ILI visits were 0.7% and 10.6% for the outpatient and ER visits, respectively. The total number of visits for ILI in outpatient and ER decreased to 50,556 but was still higher than previous two flu seasons.

### Percentages of outpatient and ER visits for ILI



### Total number of outpatient and ER visits for ILI

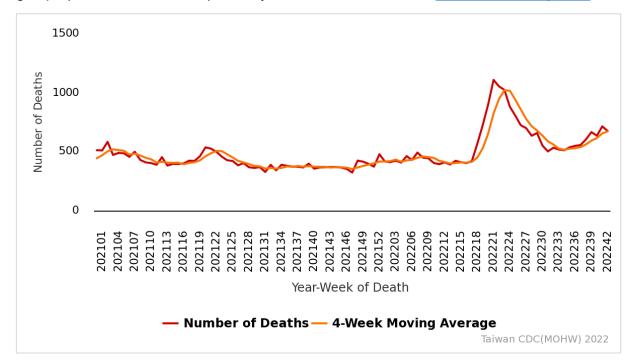


## **Influenza Case with Severe Complications**

There was one newly confirmed influenza case with severe complications. A total of two influenza case with severe complications (A/H3N2) were confirmed since October 1, 2022, and one of them was fatal. There were no influenza cases with severe complications in previous flu season.

# Pneumonia and Influenza (P&I) Mortality Surveillance

Based on the Internet System for Death Reporting (ISDR)<sup>2</sup> data, the number of deaths attributed to pneumonia and influenza (P&I) was increasing in recent weeks. The proportion of deaths attributed to P&I for adults aged 65 and older was the highest among the three age groups (0-49, 50-64, and 65+). Weekly P&I data are available at <a href="https://nidss.cdc.gov.tw/">https://nidss.cdc.gov.tw/</a>.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Medical institutions are required to report any mortality case to the Ministry of Health and Welfare (MOHW) within 7 days after a death certificate is issued through the Internet System for Death Reporting (ISDR). Either the immediate cause of death or the underlying cause of death was used to identify P&I death cases. Only those with keyword texts containing 'pneumonia', 'influenza' or 'common cold' were counted as a P&I death.



疫情通報及關懷專線: (1922 http://www.cdc.gov.tw