

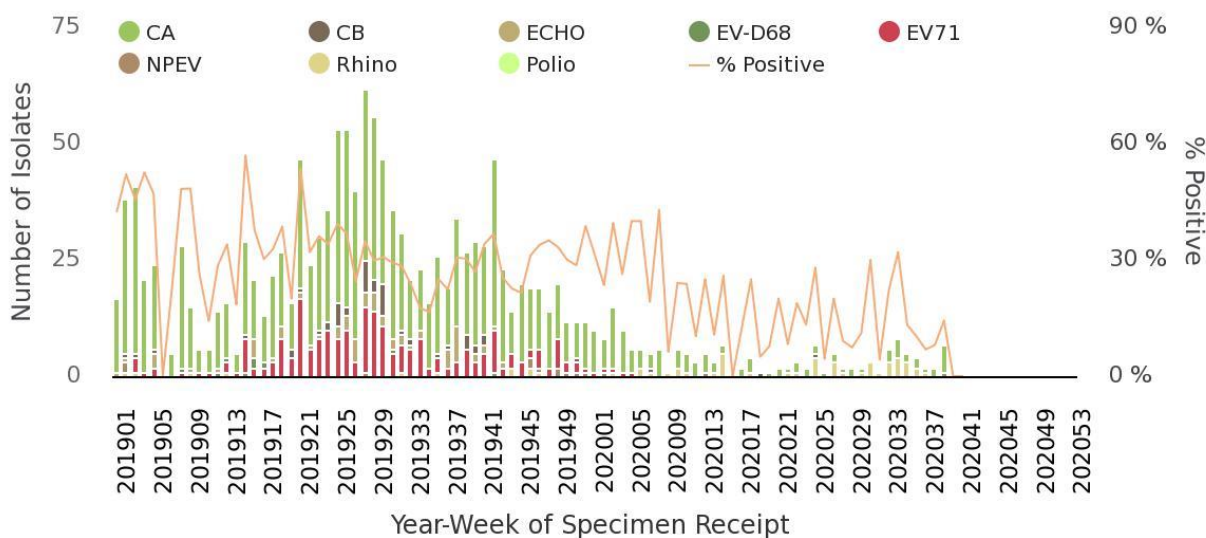


Summary

According to the laboratory surveillance¹, Coxsackie A was the predominant virus type in the past 4 weeks (Figure 1). During week 43, the total number of outpatient and ER visits for enterovirus infection was 3,747, which was increased gradually during recent weeks, and was still far below the national baseline (Figure 2).

In week 43, no new EVSC² case was confirmed. There have been 5 EVSC cases since 2020 (Figure 3), and all cases were caused by EV71. Among EVSC cases, 60% were below 3 years old (Table 1). Figure 4 showed the geographical distribution of EVSC cases according to their residential areas.

For further information, please visit the Taiwan National Infectious Disease Statistics System (NIDSS) website at <https://nidss.cdc.gov.tw/en/>



Taiwan CDC 2020/10/26

Figure 1. Trend of Enterovirus Isolates, 2019-2020

1. In terms of the surveillance systems in Taiwan, please see: Jian, S. W., Chen, C. M., Lee, C. Y., & Liu, D. P. (2017). Real-Time Surveillance of Infectious Diseases: Taiwan's Experience. *Health security*, 15(2), 144-153.
2. EVSC: Enteroviruses infection with Severe Complications





Figure 2. Trend of outpatient and ER visits for enterovirus infection, 2019-2020

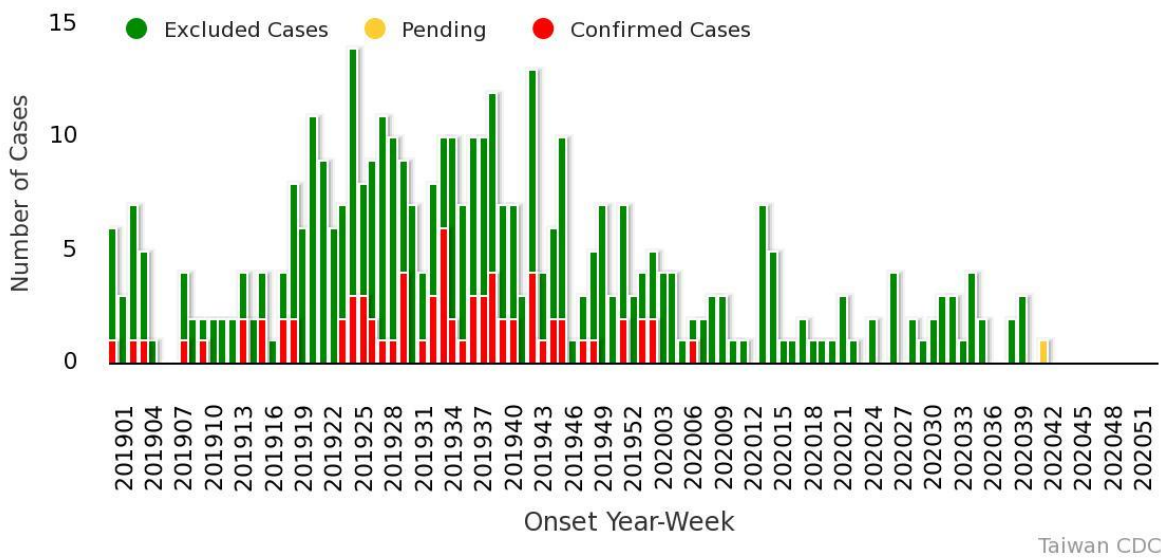


Figure 3. Trend of EVSC, 2019-2020



