Abstract

Chlamydia pneumoniae is a common respiratory pathogen and also a major cause of atypical pneumonia. The aim of this-year project is to develop serological MIF detection and rapid molecular real-time PCR methods for the detection of Chlamydia pneumoniae, and applied these methods in the detection of specimen. We hope that this will help to elucidate outbreaks and understand epidemiology of Chlamydia pneumoniae in Taiwan.