Project Title: Study of the chemical control of the vector of Japanese Encephalitis and

West Nile fever (Culex tritaeniorhynchus) —Larval control

Project Number: DOH96-DC-2004

Excuting Institute: Centers for Disease Control Taiwan, R.O.C.

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Abstract:

In order to prevent the Japanese encephalitis and West Nile fever invaded to Taiwan, the CDC has already carry out ^T The SOP of Japanese encephalitis chemical control ^L. The porpose of this project is to evaluate the susceptibility of *Culex tritaeniorhynchu* to larvicide and select the best active ingredient in 4 district, respectively.

The results showed that, organophosphates and Bti had the highest effect to kill the larval of *Culex tritaeniorhynchu*, also the pyrethrin and organophosphates larvicide had persistent effect. According to the experiment cypermethrin 1.0% temphos 1.0% temphos 1.5% and clorpyrifos 1.0% has the best efficacy to larval of *Culex tritaeniorhynchu* in Beitou Chang-hua Hualien and Pingtung district, respectively.

Key word: *Culex tritaeniorhynchu* · Japanese encephalitis · West Nile fever · Efficacy test